COUNTY OF VOLUSIA, FLORIDA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2005

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NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the County of Volusia, Florida have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting accepted body establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant County accounting policies are described below.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The County of Volusia, Florida, is a Home Rule Charter County as provided for by Section 125.60 of the Florida Statutes. The County operates under a Council/Manager form of government and provides various services to its more than 494,000 residents including public safety, transportation, health and social services, culture/recreation, planning, zoning, and other community enrichment and development services.

The legislative branch of the Charter government is composed of a seven-member, elected Council. The establishment and adoption of policy is the responsibility of the County Council, and the execution of such policy is the responsibility of the Council-appointed County Manager.

In addition to the elected County Council, the Charter provides for an elected Sheriff, Property Appraiser, and Supervisor of Elections to serve as department directors. The duties of the Tax Collector are included in the responsibilities of the Financial and Administrative Services Department. The elected Clerk of the Circuit Court is excluded from the activities of the County

and maintains separate accounting records and budgets.

The accompanying financial statements present the primary government, and its component units, for which the primary government is considered to be financially accountable. Also included are other entities for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion could cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

1. Discretely Presented Component Units

The component unit column in the government-wide financial statements includes the financial data of the County's component units. They are included because, if excluded, the County's financial statements would be misleading. They are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize their legal separation from the County. The following component units are included in the statements:

Clerk of the Circuit Court – The Volusia County Clerk of the Circuit Court is responsible for the operations of the Clerk's Office, which provides support to the justice system within the County. The Clerk of the Circuit Court is elected by the voters and is a separate legal entity under the Volusia County Home Rule Charter. The Clerk of the Circuit Court is included as a component unit because its exclusion from the financial reporting entity would render the County's financial statements misleading.

(Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d).; Volusia County Home Rule Charter, Article V.)

Volusia County Law Library – The Volusia County Law Library is a public corporation responsible for providing three centralized and consolidated law libraries for the County. A Board of Trustees

manages the Law Library. However, the Law Library is included as a component unit because its exclusion would render the County's financial statements misleading. (Special Acts, Chapter 69-1706; Volusia County Code of Ordinances, Section 214-61.)

Emergency Medical Foundation, Inc. – Emergency Medical Foundation, Inc., is a not-for-profit corporation created to provide emergency medical care and transportation services within Volusia County. The foundation is managed by a board of directors, but is included as a component unit because its exclusion from the financial reporting entity would render the County's financial statements misleading. (Florida Statutes, Chapter 401; by-laws of the Emergency Medical Foundation, Inc.)

Each discretely presented component unit issues separate financial statements and has a September 30 fiscal year end. Complete financial statements of the individual component units can be obtained from their respective administrative offices:

Volusia County Clerk of the Circuit Court 101 North Alabama Avenue DeLand, FL 32720

Volusia County Law Library 125 East Orange Avenue, Room 208 Daytona Beach, FL 32114

Emergency Medical Foundation, Inc. P. O. Box 6045 Daytona Beach, FL 32122

2. Related Organizations

The County is responsible for appointing members of boards to other organizations, but is not accountable for these organizations. The following related organizations are not included in the reporting entity:

 Volusia County Health Facilities Authority

- Housing Finance Authority of Volusia County
- Volusia County Industrial Development Authority
- Volusia County Educational Facilities Authority

3. Dependent Special Districts

Included within the financial report are the East Volusia Transportation District, Ponce Inlet and Port Authority, Growth Management Commission, West Volusia Library District, and Volusia County Fire District. These dependent special districts are special-purpose-taxing units within a limited boundary, created and governed by the County Council, and thus, legally part of the County.

4. Jointly Governed Organizations

The County, in conjunction with all municipalities within the County, has created the Water Authority of Volusia, formally Volusia Water Alliance, whose purpose is to protect the area's future water supply. The Water Authority of Volusia is composed of one member from the governing board of each of the municipalities and the County. In fiscal year 2005, the County contributed \$129,252 towards funding the alliance's operations.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and

charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or activity are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

1. Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and pension trust fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all

eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes, except those gas taxes imposed by the County in which case they are reported as program revenues.

2. Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are using the *current financial* reported resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgements, are recorded only when payment is due.

As a general rule, expenditures related to debt service principal and interest payments are recognized in the period they come due. Because the County must fund those expenditures in the current period, large surpluses result even though the payments are due the first day of the new fiscal year. To avoid possible misinterpretation of the financial statements, the County has elected

to recognize the expenditure and related fund liabilities in the current period for bonds for which the principal and interest are due October 1.

Property taxes, franchise fees, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The Municipal Service District Fund accounts for the fiscal activity relating to the municipal type services of zoning, development engineering, planning, sheriff's services, parks and recreation, and animal control for the unincorporated areas of the County.
- The Ocean Center Expansion Fund accounts for the fiscal activity relating to the construction of additional Ocean Center space.
- The Bond Funded Road Program Fund accounts for the fiscal activity relating to the construction of roads under the Gas Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2004.
- The *FEMA Hurricane Grants Fund* accounts for the fiscal activity relating to funds spent for disaster preparation and recovery costs from hurricanes Charley, Frances, and Jeanne.

• The Federal and State Grants Fund accounts for the fiscal activity relating to funds received from various federal and state grant programs.

The County reports the following major proprietary funds:

- The *Refuse Disposal Fund* accounts for the fiscal activity of all solid waste disposal within the County.
- The *Daytona Beach International Airport Fund* accounts for the fiscal activity of the Daytona Beach International Airport.
- The *Volusia Transportation Authority Fund* accounts for the fiscal activity of the Votran bus system.
- The Water and Sewer Utilities Fund accounts for the fiscal activities of County-owned water and sewer plants and distribution and collection systems located primarily in unincorporated areas.

The County reports the following non-major proprietary fund:

 The Garbage Collection Fund accounts for the fiscal activities of garbage collection within the unincorporated areas of the County.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

- Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.
- *Debt Service Funds* account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

- Capital Projects Funds account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary and trust funds).
- Internal Service Funds account for computer replacement, vehicle maintenance, insurance, and employee group insurance services provided to other departments or agencies of the county, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis.
- The *Volunteer Firefighters Pension*Trust Fund accounts for funds received from Fire Services to provide retirement benefits for volunteer firefighters.
- Agency Funds account for resources held by the County in a custodial capacity for other individuals, private organizations or other governments.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the GASB. Based on the accounting and reporting standards set forth in GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, the County has opted to apply only the accounting and reporting pronouncements issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) on or before November 30, 1989 for business-type activities and enterprise funds.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's

principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise funds and of the County's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed for their intended purposes.

D. RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

1. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources. Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmentwide financial statements as "internal balances."

2. Unbilled Service Receivables

Estimated unbilled revenues of the County's water and sewer system are recorded for services rendered, but not yet billed as of the end of the fiscal year. The receivable is

estimated by prorating the number of days applicable to the cycle billing.

3. Deferred/Unearned Revenue

Deferred revenues are recorded on the governmental fund balance sheet in the amount of \$10,506,310. Of this amount, \$914,456 represents amounts that are deferred solely because they are not yet considered to be available. Therefore, \$9,591,854 is shown as unearned revenue on the government-wide Statement of Net Assets.

E. INVESTMENTS

Investments for the County are reported at fair value. The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund that is administered by the State Board of Administration is a "2A-7 like" pool which has the characteristics of a money market fund. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

F. INVENTORIES AND PREPAID ITEMS

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded using the consumption method, that is, as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

G. RESTRICTED ASSETS

Certain amounts are classified as restricted assets on the government-wide and proprietary type funds' statement of net assets. Their use is limited by applicable bond covenants or laws/regulations imposed by other governmental agencies. The

restricted assets are used to report resources set aside to:

- provide a reserve for debt service.
- provide a reserve for maintenance and operating expenses.
- provide a reserve for capital projects.
- provide a reserve for passenger facility charges program.
- acquire capital assets (land and equipment replacement).
- provide funding for public safety, physical environment, transportation, culture/recreation, and other legally restricted activities, based upon specific state and local legislative requirements.

H. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Property, plant, and equipment with initial, individual costs that equal or exceed \$750 and estimated useful lives of over one year are recorded as capital assets. Roads, bridges, and sidewalks capitalized when their initial costs equal or exceed \$125,000 and possess estimated useful lives of more than one year. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of

the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

ASSETS	YEARS
Buildings	15 - 40
Improvements other than buildings	5 - 30
Infrastructure	35
Equipment	3 - 20

I. ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS

Accounts receivable have been reported net of the allowance for doubtful accounts. Accounts receivable in excess of 180 days comprises the allowance for uncollectibles. The allowance for doubtful accounts is as follows:

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

General fund	\$ 147,209
Special revenue funds	79,218
Enterprise funds	308,517
Internal service funds	 16,695
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 551,639

J. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

County policy permits employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned, but unused personal, vacation, and sick leave. These benefits are payable to employees upon separation from service. All leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported. The computed liability is in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences.

K. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 23, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Refundings of Debt Reported by Proprietary Activities, the County has adopted the following policy for current refundings and advance refundings resulting in defeasance of debt reported in proprietary funds.

The difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt, as well as the related bond issuance costs, will be deferred and amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. On the balance sheet, the deferred amount and bond issuance costs are reported as a deduction from or an addition to the new debt liability.

the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

L. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents are Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments and all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased. In addition, because the investment pool is sufficiently liquid to permit withdrawal of cash at any time without prior notice or penalty, equity in the pool is also deemed to be a cash equivalent.

M. FUND BALANCE

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance consists of reserved and unreserved amounts. Reservations of fund balance represent that portion which is not appropriable for expenditure or is legally segregated for a specific future use.

Fund balance reservations include:

- Encumbrances to reflect outstanding contractual obligations for goods and services which have not been received.
- Inventories to reflect that inventory of consumable supplies does not represent available spendable resources.
- Advances to reflect amounts due from other funds that are long-term in nature and do not represent available spendable resources.
- Debt service to reflect resources legally restricted for the payment of long-term debt principal and interest amounts maturing in future years.
- Capital Projects to reflect resources legally restricted for capital projects.
- Employee receivables to reflect balances due from employees that are long-term in nature and do not represent available spendable resources.

 Long-term notes receivable – to reflect balance due from notes receivable that are long-term in nature and do not represent available spendable resources.

The remaining portion is unreserved. However, a portion of unreserved fund balance is designated. Designations include capital projects and emergency reserves.

N. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund services provided and used are recorded as revenues in the seller funds and expenditures or expenses in purchaser funds. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it, that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund, and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions, except reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

O. RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain September 30, 2004 account balances have been reclassified in this report to conform with the financial statement presentation used in 2005.

NOTE 2. RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE

The beginning fund balance of the General Fund was restated to reflect an unrecorded payment and receivable from the prior year.

	Balance 09/30/04	Change	Restated Balance 09/30/04
<u>Assets</u>			
General Fund:			
Due From Other			
Governments	\$ 929,439	268,010	1,197,449
Liabilities			
General Fund:			
Due To Other			
Governments	851,765	382,975	1,234,740
Fund Balance			
General Fund:			
Unreserved:			
Undesignated	33,037,056	(114,965)	32,922,091

NOTE 3. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

- 1. Not later than fifteen days after the certification of value by the Property Appraiser, the County Manager shall have prepared and submit to the County Council, a proposed budget estimate of the revenues and expenditures of all County divisions, departments, offices, agencies, and special and municipal taxing districts for the ensuing fiscal year. The proposed budget estimate of revenue shall include not less than 95 percent of all receipts reasonably to be anticipated from all sources.
- **2.** Not earlier than sixty-five days nor later than eighty days after certification of value by the Property Appraiser, the County Council shall hold a public hearing on the tentative budget and proposed millage rates.

- **3.** Public hearings are conducted and summary statements are available to obtain taxpayer comments pursuant to Chapters 129 and 200 of the Florida Statutes.
- **4.** Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted.
- **5.** It is unlawful to expend or transfer funds in any fiscal year more than the amount budgeted in each fund's budget pursuant to Volusia County Code of Ordinances, Section 2-241(J), and Chapter 129.07 of the Florida Statutes.
- Transfers of appropriations up to and including \$25,000 among activities within a division need only the division director's or his or her designee's approval if the transfer is not between funds. Transfers over \$25,000 require the approval of the department director. Transfers between two divisions require the approval of both division directors, or the County Manager or Deputy County Manager. Transfers between funds require County Council approval. The Supervisor of Elections, Property Appraiser, Sheriff, Chief Judge, County Attorney, and Internal Auditor have the same transfer authority as the department directors for their budgets.
- 7. The County Council legally adopts budgets for the General, budgeted Special Revenue, and Debt Service funds. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all governmental fund types. Capital Projects funds adopt a project-length budget. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for Enterprise or Internal Service funds.
- **8.** Budgets for the General, budgeted Special Revenue, and Debt Service funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Library Endowment and Corrections Welfare Trust Special Revenue funds are not budgeted.

County of Volusia, Florida Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2005

- 9. Every appropriation shall lapse at the close of the fiscal year to the extent that it has not been carried forward. An appropriation for a capital program within the General or Special Revenue funds shall be rebudgeted on an annual basis until the purpose for which it was made has been accomplished or abandoned. The purpose of any appropriation shall be deemed abandoned if three years pass without any disbursement or encumbrance of the appropriation.
- **10.** If during the fiscal year the County Manager certifies that there are available revenues for appropriations in excess of those estimated in the budget, the County Council may make supplemental appropriations for the year up to the amount of such excess revenues.

NOTE 4. PROPERTY TAXES

The property tax calendar is as follows:

Valuation date

Property Appraiser prepares the assessment roll with values as of January 1; submits preliminary roll for approval to the State and notifies each taxing authority of its respective valuations.

January 1, 2004

July 1, 2004

Each taxing authority holds two required public hearings and adopts a budget and ad valorem tax millage rate(s) for the coming fiscal year. September 2004

Property Appraiser certifies the assessment roll and all real and tangible personal property taxes are due and payable. (Levy date)

November 1, 2004

A notice of taxes is mailed to each owner on the assessment roll. Taxes may be paid with the following applicable discounts: November 1, 2004 through March 31, 2005

Month	Discount Percentage
November	4
December	3
January	2
February	1
March	0
All uppoid toy	os on roal and tangible

All unpaid taxes on real and tangible personal property become delinquent.

April 1, 2005

A list of unpaid tangible personal property taxes and a list of unpaid real property taxes are advertised.

April 2005 and May 2005

Tax certificates are sold on all real estate parcels with unpaid real property taxes. (Lien date)

May 27, 2005

A court order is obtained authorizing the seizure and sale of personal property if the taxpayer fails to pay the delinquent personal property taxes. August 22, 2005

Collections of county, municipal, and independent taxing district taxes and remittances are accounted for in the Tax Collector's Transfer Fund (Agency Fund) prior to distribution to the various taxing authorities.

NOTE 5. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The County maintains a cash and investment pool that is used by all funds. This pool consists of a noninterest-bearing checking account, monthly interest earned on surplus balances, and a zero balance checking account. Each fund's portion of this pool is summarized by fund type in the combined balance sheet as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments." In addition, investments are separately held by several of the County's funds. Certain investments of the Daytona Airport, Refuse Beach International Volunteer Disposal, Insurance, and Firefighters Pension Trust funds are held separately from those of other County funds. As required under GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, investments are reported at fair value.

A. DEPOSITS

The entire amount of the bank balance of deposits is covered by federal depository insurance or collateral with the State of Florida under the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act.

The Florida Security for Public Deposits Act establishes guidelines for qualification and participation banks bv and savings associations. procedures for the administration of the collateral requirements, and characteristics of eligible collateral. Under the Act, County deposits in qualified public depositories are totally The qualified public depository insured. must pledge at least 50 percent of the average daily balance for each month of all

public deposits in excess of any applicable deposit insurance. Additional collateral, up to a maximum of 125 percent, may be required, if deemed necessary under the conditions set forth in the Act. Obligations pledged to secure deposits must be delivered to the State Treasurer, or with the approval of the State Treasurer, to a bank, savings association, or trust company provided a power of attorney is delivered to the Treasurer.

B. INVESTMENTS

The County's investment policies are governed by state statutes and local resolution. Authorized investment instruments include: the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund; negotiable direct obligations unconditionally which are guaranteed by the United Government: bonds, debentures, notes, or other indebtedness guaranteed by United States Government agencies; money market mutual funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC); bankers acceptances; commercial paper; negotiable interest-bearing time certificates of deposit or saving accounts; repurchase agreements: and state and/or government taxable and tax-exempt debt, and intergovernmental investment pools that are authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperative Act. Additionally, County may invest Volunteer the Firefighters Pension funds in bonds, stocks or other evidence of indebtedness issued or guaranteed by a corporation organized under the laws of the United States. The County may also invest pension funds in mutual funds regulated by the SEC, index mutual funds of a broad-based index, and the County's investment pool. Pension funds investments will be diversified with no more than 30 percent of its value invested in the securities of any single issuer or instrument. This limitation shall not apply to U.S. Government securities, its Agencies or the County's investment pool account.

Investments during the fiscal year include those held at the close of the fiscal year and commercial paper. County investment policies permitted the County to enter into reverse repurchase agreements; however, there were no such investments in fiscal year 2005.

The County had investments totaling \$232,750,083 at September 30, 2005, in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund administered by the State Board of Administration (SBA) pursuant to Section 218.405, Florida Statutes. The County's investments in the pool are reported at fair value. The County's investments in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust

Fund, Securities a and Exchange 2a7-like external Commission Rule investment pool, are similar to money market funds in which shares are owned in the fund rather than the underlying The SBA has taken the investments. position that participants in the pool are not required to disclose information related to interest rate risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, and foreign credit risk. The investment pool was not rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating agency as of September 30, 2005.

As of September 30, 2005, the County had cash and investments in the following:

Investments Type	<u>Maturities</u>	Credit Quality	 Fair Value
Federal Instrumentalities	December 2005 - November 2009	AAA/Aaa	\$ 136,329,750
Mutual Funds	N/A	N/A	1,599,485
Stocks	N/A	N/A	1,191,321
Subtotal			139,120,556
Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund	N/A	N/A	232,750,083
Carrying value of cash and restricted cash	N/A	N/A	5,146,937
Total			\$ 377,017,576

Interest Rate Risk: is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in general interest rates. The County's investment policy states that interest rate risk will be mitigated by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity; and by investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities.

Credit Risk: is the risk of losses due to the failure of the security issuer or backer. Credit risk will be mitigated by limiting investments to the safest types of securities; pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors with which the County will do business; and by diversifying the investment portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized.

Custodial Credit Risk: All securities purchased and/or collateral obtained by the Chief Financial Officer shall be properly designated as an asset of the County and held in safekeeping by the trust department and no withdrawal of such securities, in whole or in part, shall be made from safekeeping except by an authorized County employee. Treasury and federal agency assets held by the County are held by the Federal Reserve in an account for our bank/custodian. The bank/custodian segregates out assets/investments from those of other bank/custodian clients and their own assets. Commercial Paper is held in a similar fashion at the Depository Trust Corporation (DTC), however the bank /custodian has its own custodian for DTC items.

Concentration of Credit Risk: To the extent possible, the County shall attempt to match its investment maturities with anticipated cash flow requirements; and the County will not invest in securities maturing more than ten years from the date of purchase unless it is for a specific reserve or other identified special fund. The County's written investment policy places limits on the percentage of the portfolio that may be

invested in each type of investment. The County is permitted to invest:

- 100 percent of its cash in the State of Florida's Local Government Surplus Trust Fund and United States government securities.
- 75 percent of its cash in United States government agencies and instrumentalities, and repurchase agreements.
- 50 percent of its cash in commercial paper and intergovernmental investment pools.
- 30 percent in state and local government debt, bankers acceptances, and money market mutual funds.

The policy also states that investments will be diversified to the extent possible, to control the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific maturity, issuer, instrument, dealer, or bank through which financial instruments are bought and sold.

NOTE 6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2005 is as follows:

	DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS	ADVANCES TO OTHER FUNDS	DUE TO OTHER FUNDS	ADVANCES FROM OTHER FUNDS	
Governmental funds:					
Major funds:					
General Fund	\$30,425,654	\$ -	\$ 1,777,610	\$ -	
Municipal Service District	1,514,692	-	-	-	
FEMA - Hurricane Grants	1,677,610	-	19,902,527	-	
Federal and State Grants	-	-	8,351,000	-	
Nonmajor funds:					
Special Revenue funds:					
Resort Tax	-	-	323,991	-	
Sales Tax Trust	-	-	3,086,819	-	
Ponce Inlet Port Authority	207,427	1,996,748	-	-	
Ocean Center	323,991	-	-	-	
Fire Services	-	-	207,427	1,996,748	
Proprietary funds:					
Major funds:					
Daytona Beach International Airport	100,000	-	-	-	
Volusia Transportation Authority	-	-	600,000	-	
Water and Sewer Utilities	85,084	255,252	158,446	27,388	
Internal service funds:					
Insurance	158,446	27,388	-	-	
Agency funds:					
Stone Island Utility	-	-	85,084	255,252	
Total	\$ 34,492,904	\$ 2,279,388	\$34,492,904	\$ 2,279,388	

Four interfund loan agreements were outstanding at September 30, 2005:

- from Insurance to Water and Sewer Utilities with \$158,446 due within the next year and \$27,388 due by December 2006. The loan provided funding for various utility construction projects.
- from Daytona Beach International Airport to General Fund with \$100,000 due within the next year. The loan was provided to fund the purchase of land adjacent to the airport.
- from Ponce Inlet Port Authority to Fire Services with \$207,427 due

- within the next year and amounts due annually totaling \$1,996,748 due by September 2014. The loan provided funding for the settlement of a liability case.
- From Water and Sewer Utilities to Stone Island Utility Agency Fund with \$85,084 due within the next year and amounts due annually totaling \$255,252 due by September 2009. The loan provided funding for improvements to the utility system infrastructure.

Other interfund transactions distributed resort, convention development, and sales tax collections to the appropriate receiving funds and monies to reimburse funds for hurricane related expenditures. Due to the timing of grant reimbursements, interfund transactions were used to cover cash deficits.

Due to/from primary government and component units consist of the following:

	DUE FROM COMPONENT UNITS		DUE FROM PRIMARY GOVERNMENT		DUE TO COMPONENT UNITS		DUE TO PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	
Governmental funds:		_		_				
Major funds:								
General Fund	\$	3,175,923	\$	-	\$	99,797	\$ -	
Municipal Service District		-		-		592	-	
Bond Funded Road Program		-		-		36	-	
Federal and State Grants		-		-		467	-	
Nonmajor funds:								
Special Revenue funds:								
County Transportation Trust		-		-		406	-	
Ocean Center		-		-		4,573	-	
Road Impact Fees		-		-		180	-	
Fire Services		-		-		265	-	
Stormwater Utility		-		-		3	-	
Law/Beach Enforcement Trust		-		-		519	-	
State Housing Incentive Program		-		-		422	-	
Proprietary funds:								
Major funds:								
Water and Sewer Utilities		-		-		1,440	-	
Component Units:								
Clerk of the Circuit Court		-		5,711		-	3,175,923	
Emergency Medical Foundation, Inc.				102,989		-		
Total	\$	3,175,923	\$	108,700	\$	108,700	\$ 3,175,923	

Interfund transfers consist of the following:

	Transfer Out:								
		Major funds Nonmajor funds							
		Municipal Federal							
			,	Service	aı	nd State			Total
		General		District	(Grants			Transfers In
Transfer In:								_	
Governmental funds:									
Major funds:									
General Fund	\$	=	\$	20,329	\$	32,057	\$	6,854,430	\$ 6,906,816
Municipal Service									
District		-		-		-		5,281,450	5,281,450
FEMA - Hurricane									
Grants		814,185		-		-		-	814,185
Federal and									
State grants		319,720		-		-		3,271,190	3,590,910
Nonmajor funds		13,676,347	2	,115,784		-		23,735,883	39,528,014
Proprietary funds:									
Major funds:									
Volusia									
Transportation									
Authority		5,740,148		-		-		-	5,740,148
Internal service									
funds:									
Insurance		-		-		-		1,175,000	1,175,000
Total									
Transfers Out	\$	20,550,400	\$2	,136,113	\$	32,057	\$	40,317,953	\$63,036,523

Transfers move monies collected by one fund to be expended by another fund in order to meet legal and budgetary requirements. Based upon bond ordinances,

transfers are made to meet debt service requirements. Of the \$39,528,014 received in non-major governmental funds transfers, \$23,052,037 related to debt service.

NOTE 7. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2005 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance 09/30/04		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance 09/30/05	
Governmental Activities:	Bulance 00/00/04		_	IIICIEases		Jecieases		141100 05/00/00
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	72,377,679	\$	4,431,264	\$	-	\$	76,808,943
Construction in progress		5,551,197		4,591,379		(2,994,557)		7,148,019
Construction in progress - infrastructure		21,995,184		18,845,523		(1,553,238)		39,287,469
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		99,924,060		27,868,166		(4,547,795)		123,244,431
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings		203,860,255		12,502,148		-		216,362,403
Improvements other than buildings		17,423,389		97,996		-		17,521,385
Leasehold improvements		497,125		-		-		497,125
Equipment		95,150,214		12,783,171		(7,170,475)		100,762,910
Infrastructure		346,686,716		598,951		-		347,285,667
Total capital assets being depreciated		663,617,699		25,982,266		(7,170,475)		682,429,490
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		(63,710,659)		(6,371,874)		-		(70,082,533)
Improvements other than buildings		(6,155,549)		(862,728)		-		(7,018,277)
Leasehold improvements		(285,878)		(26,543)		-		(312,421)
Equipment		(59,223,370)		(10,058,887)		6,299,886		(62,982,371)
Infrastructure		(231,581,900)		(9,905,336)		-		(241,487,236)
Total accumulated depreciation		(360,957,356)		(27,225,368)		6,299,886	_	(381,882,838)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		302,660,343		(1,243,102)		(870,589)		300,546,652
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	402,584,403	\$	26,625,064	\$	(5,418,384)	\$	423,791,083

	Beginning Balance 09/30/04	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance 09/30/05
Business-type Activities:		-		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 35,837,771	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 35,837,771
Construction in progress	1,069,896	5,188,901	(2,421,748)	3,837,049
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	36,907,667	5,188,901	(2,421,748)	39,674,820
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	23,806,498	14,140	(24,000)	23,796,638
Improvements other than buildings	172,192,947	7,295,101	-	179,488,048
Equipment	33,109,931	3,803,264	(1,336,527)	35,576,668
Total capital assets being depreciated	229,109,376	11,112,505	(1,360,527)	238,861,354
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(8,177,495)	(970,541)	6,628	(9,141,408)
Improvements other than buildings	(63,857,946)	(8,051,022)	-	(71,908,968)
Equipment	(18,109,395)	(3,743,118)	956,494	(20,896,019)
Total accumulated depreciation	(90,144,836)	(12,764,681)	963,122	(101,946,395)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	138,964,540	(1,652,176)	(397,405)	136,914,959
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 175,872,207	\$ 3,536,725	\$ (2,819,153)	\$ 176,589,779

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 4,132,340
Public safety	5,954,686
Physical environment	341,292
Transportation	11,330,588
Economic environment	24,124
Human services	755,624
Culture/recreation	2,481,477
Capital assets held by the government's internal service funds are	
charged to the various functions based on their usage of the assets	2,205,237
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 27,225,368
Business-type Activities:	
Refuse disposal	\$ 3,169,905
Daytona Beach International Airport	5,049,444
Volusia Transportation Authority	2,402,601
Water and sewer utilities	2,135,859
Garbage collection	6,872
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 12,764,681

Construction commitments

The County has active construction projects as of September 30, 2005. At year-end the government's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Projects	Sı	pent-to-Date	Remaining Commitment		
Park-related	\$	1,350,326	\$	1,594,350	
Historic Courthouse renovation		4,593,192		91,607	
Road construction:					
New construction, expansion		14,614,524		12,659,769	
Airport airfield improvements		211,109		287,140	
Airport perimeter road construction		2,846,949		2,610,483	
Water/sewer utility improvements		2,756,772		2,798,552	
Total	\$	26,372,872	\$	20,041,901	

Commitments for the park-related projects are financed by revenues derived from boat registration renewals, grants, and transfers over the years from the General, Ponce Inlet Port Authority, and Park Impact Fee funds. The commitment for the Historic Courthouse renovation is financed from the remaining bond proceeds of the Subordinate Lien Sales Tax Bonds, Series 1998.

Remaining commitments for the road construction projects are funded by various gas taxes and road impact fees. Airport improvements are mainly funded by federal and state matching grants. Water/sewer utility improvements are financed by revenues generated through user fees.

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT

A. SUMMARY OF BOND RESOLUTIONS

The following is a summary of revenue bond resolutions pertaining to debt activity during the year reflected on the September 30, 2005 financial statements:

> Name: \$5,640,000 Gas Tax

Revenue Bonds, Series

1992

Dated: September 1992

Final Maturity: December 1, 2005

Principal

Payment Date: December 1

Interest

Payment Date: June 1 and December 1

Interest Rates: 5.00%

Reserve

Requirement: N/A

> Revenue Proceeds of the County's Ninth-Cent Voted Gas Tax Pledged:

on motor fuel and special

fuel.

Purpose: To fund construction of the

East Coast Beltline project.

Name: \$30,795,000 Airport

> System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series

2000

Dated: August 1, 2000

Final Maturity: October 1, 2021

Principal

Payment Date: October 1

Interest

Payment Date: October 1 and April 1

Interest Rates: 6.75% to 7.00%

Reserve The requirement is Requirement: specified by bond

resolution to be at least

equal to \$2,839,250.

Revenue Net revenues generated by

Pledged: the operations of the

Airport and investment

earnings.

To provide sufficient funds Purpose:

to advance refund the remaining portion of the County's outstanding Airport System Revenue Bonds, Series 1991.

Name: \$17,625,000 Sales Tax

> Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 1994

Dated: June 1, 1994

Final Maturity: October 1, 2007

Principal

Payment Date: October 1

Interest

Payment Date: October 1 and April 1

Interest Rates: 5.15% to 5.45%

Reserve

Requirement: N/A

> Revenue Local Government Half-

Pledged: Cent Sales Tax.

Purpose: To finance the cost of

> acquiring, constructing, and equipping certain capital

improvements.

Name: \$59,250,000 Subordinate

Lien Sales Tax Improvement Revenue Bonds,

Series 1998

Dated: September 1, 1998

Final Maturity: October 1, 2018

Principal

Payment Date: October 1

Interest

Payment Date: October 1 and April 1

Interest Rates: 4.00 % to 5.13%

Reserve

Requirement: N/A

> Revenue Local Government Half-

Pledged: Cent Sales Tax.

Purpose: To finance the cost of

> acquiring, constructing, and equipping certain capital improvements including a new court facility and to advance refund the County's \$10 million Sales Tax Improvement Revenue

Bonds, Series 1996.

Name: \$5,085,000 Water and

Sewer Refunding Revenue

Bonds, Series 1998

Dated: July 1, 1998

Final Maturity: October 1, 2016

Principal

Payment Date: October 1

Interest

Payment Date: October 1 and April 1

Interest Rates: 4.10% to 4.88%

Reserve An amount equal to the

Requirement: lesser of: 1) maximum annual debt service

(\$199,624); 2) 125% of the average annual debt service for all outstanding bonds (\$448,629); or 3) 10% of the original proceeds of the

outstanding bonds (\$508,500).

Revenue Net revenues derived from **Pledged:** the operation of the

County's water and sewer system, connection fees,

and investment earnings.

Purpose: To provide funds sufficient

to advance refund the remaining portion of the County's outstanding Water and Sewer Bonds, Series

1989.

Name: \$11,930,000 Subordinate

Lien Sales Tax

Improvement Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series

2001A

Dated: June 1, 2001

Final Maturity: October 1, 2014

Principal

Payment Date: October 1

Interest

Payment Date: October 1 and April 1

Interest Rates: 4.00% to 5.00%

Reserve Requirement: N/A

Revenue Local Government Half-

Pledged: Cent Sales Tax.

Purpose: To provide funds sufficient

to advance refund a portion of the County's outstanding Sales Tax Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series

1994.

Name: \$23,985,000 Subordinate

Lien Sales Tax

Improvement Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series

2001B

Dated: June 1, 2001

Final Maturity: October 1, 2010

Principal

Payment Date: October 1

Interest

Payment Date: October 1 and April 1

Interest Rates: 4.00% to 4.20%

Reserve

Requirement: N/A

Revenue Local Government Half-

Pledged: Cent Sales Tax.

Purpose: To provide funds sufficient

to current refund a portion of the County's outstanding Sales Tax Improvement Refunding Revenue Bonds,

Series 1991A.

Name: \$22,565,000 Tourist

Development Tax

Refunding Revenue Bonds,

Series 2002

Dated: September 15, 2002

Final Maturity: December 1, 2013

Principal

Payment Date: December 1

Interest

Payment Date: December 1 and June 1

Interest Rates: 2.00% to 3.50%

Reserve

Requirement: N/A

Revenue Tourist development tax

Pledged: revenues and all moneys,

including investments thereof, in the funds and accounts established under

the resolution.

Purpose: To provide sufficient funds

to currently refund all of the County's outstanding Tourist Development Tax

Name: \$8,255,000 Subordinate Lien Sales Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series		Purpose:	To provide sufficient funds to currently refund all of the
			outstanding Airport System Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 1993.
Dated:	2003 July 1, 2003	Name:	\$6,975,000 Water and Sewer Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2003
Final Maturity:	October 1, 2021	Dated:	July 1, 2003
Principal		Final Maturity:	October 1, 2019
Payment Date: Interest	October 1	Principal Payment Date:	October 1
Payment Date:	October 1 and April 1	Interest	October 1
Interest Rates:	2.00% to 4.00%	Payment Date:	October 1 and April 1
Reserve Requirement:	N/A	Interest Rates:	2.00% to 4.00%
Revenue Pledged:	Local Government Half- Cent Sales Tax.	Reserve Requirement:	An amount equal to the lesser of: (1) maximum annual debt service
Purpose:	To provide sufficient funds to currently refund all of the County's outstanding Sales Tax Improvement Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 1993.		(\$698,310); (2) 125% of the average annual debt service for all outstanding bonds (\$751,428); (3) 10% of the original proceeds of the outstanding bonds (\$697,500).
Name:	\$11,110,000 Airport System Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2003	Revenue Pledged:	Net revenues derived from the operation of the water and sewer system, water connection fees, sewer
Dated:	July 1, 2003		connection fees, and all
Final Maturity:	October 1, 2021		moneys, including investments thereof, in the
Principal Payment Date:	October 1		funds and accounts create by the resolution.
Interest Payment Date:	October 1 and April 1	Purpose:	To provide sufficient funds to currently refund all of the
Interest Rates:	2.00% to 4.10%		outstanding Water and Sewer Refunding and
Reserve Requirement:	An amount equal to the maximum annual debt service on the outstanding		Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 1993.
	series 2003 bonds, \$844,590.	Name:	\$64,710,000 Tourist Development Tax Revenu Bonds, Series 2004
Revenue Pledged:	Net revenues from the operation of Daytona	Dated:	August 4, 2004
	Beach International Airport	Final Maturity:	December 1, 2034
	and all moneys, including investment earnings thereof, in the funds and	Principal Payment Date:	December 1
	accounts established by the resolution.	Interest Payment Date:	December 1 and June 1
		Interest Rates:	3.00% to 5.00%
		Reserve	N/A

Requirement:

Revenue Tourist development tax Pledged: revenues and all moneys,

including investments thereof, in the funds and accounts established under

the resolution.

Purpose: To finance the cost of

> acquiring, constructing, and equipping the expansion and renovation of the County's Ocean Center including the addition of approximately 100,000 square feet of exhibition space and 30,000 square feet of new meeting rooms.

\$64,215,000 Gas Tax Name:

Revenue Bonds, Series

2004

Dated: November 2, 2004

Final Maturity: October 1, 2024

Principal

Payment Date: October 1

Interest

Payment Date: October 1 and April 1

Interest Rates: 2.75% to 5.00%

Reserve

Requirement: N/A

Revenue

Proceeds of the County's Pledged: Six Cent Local Option Gas

Tax on motor fuel.

To provide sufficient funds Purpose:

> for the acquisition, construction, and

reconstruction of roads and

bridges and other transportation

improvements within the

County.

В. **CAPITAL LEASES**

The County acquired computer equipment for its computer replacement program, accounted for as an internal service fund, by means of a capital lease. For accounting purposes, a capital lease is considered debt and is recorded, on the statement of net assets as a liability, in an amount equal to the present value of the minimum lease payments as of the inception date of the lease agreement. A fixed asset is also recorded for the same amount. For the fiscal year 2005, \$656,519 was borrowed under a capital lease. During the year, the entire principal amount was paid, with accrued interest of \$26,169, leaving no unpaid balance at year-end. The book value of the acquired, net of accumulated depreciation of \$1,014,136 is \$966,999.

C. NOTES PAYABLE

Notes payable outstanding as of September 30, 2005 are comprised of the following:

NOTES PAYABLE	INTEREST RATE	INTEREST PAYABLE	FINAL MATURITY DATE	ANNUAL PRINCIPAL PAYMENT (In Thousands)	AMOUNT OUTSTANDING 09/30/05
	GOVERNMEN	ITAL ACTIVITIE	S DEBT		
Installment purchase agreement with Fla. Assn. of Counties for purchase of computers and other equipment	Variable ⁽¹⁾	Monthly	12/01/05	\$80	\$ 80,000
Installment purchase agreement with Fla. Assn. of Counties for purchase of computers and other equipment	Variable ⁽¹⁾	Monthly	03/01/06	\$355	355,000
Installment purchase agreement with Fla. Assn. of Counties for purchase of computer equipment and vehicles	Variable ⁽¹⁾	Monthly	03/01/07	\$754 – 1,508	2,262,500
Installment purchase agreement with Fla. Assn. of Counties for purchase of environmentally sensitive land	Variable ⁽¹⁾	Quarterly	12/01/07	\$460 - 2,415	3,335,000
Installment purchase agreement with Fla. Assn. of Counties for purchase of vehicles and equipment	Variable ⁽¹⁾	Monthly	06/01/08	\$345 – 469	1,282,750
Installment purchase agreement with Bank of America Leasing for purchase of two helicopters	3.90%	Quarterly	12/30/08	\$138 – 539	1,693,758
Installment purchase agreement with Fla. Assn. of Counties for purchase of environmentally sensitive land	Variable ⁽¹⁾	Quarterly	03/01/09	\$248 – 1,384	2,128,000
Installment purchase agreement with Fla. Assn. of Counties to construct and equip new fire stations	Variable ⁽¹⁾	Quarterly	09/01/09	\$145	580,000
Installment purchase agreement with Fla. Assn. of Counties to construct and equip new fire stations	Variable ⁽¹⁾	Monthly	06/01/10	\$105 – 604	1,023,750
Installment purchase agreement with Fla. Assn. of Counties to construct and acquire network of pedestrian and bike trails	Variable ⁽¹⁾	Monthly	06/01/10	\$137 – 1,476	2,025,667
Installment purchase agreement with Fla. Assn. of Counties to construct and equip upgrade of jail facility	Variable ⁽¹⁾	Monthly	09/01/15	\$250 – 329	2,645,000
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEB	т				\$ 17,411,425

⁽¹⁾ The interest rate is set at 35 basis points above the underlying loan rate(s) incurred by the Florida Association of Counties and is adjusted quarterly.

NOTES PAYABLE	INTEREST RATE	INTEREST PAYABLE	FINAL MATURITY DATE	ANNUAL PRINCIPAL PAYMENT (In Thousands)	AMOUNT OUTSTANDING 09/30/05
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES DEBT					
Installment purchase agreement with Fla. Local Government Finance Commission for the purchase of equipment	Variable ⁽¹⁾	Quarterly	12/02/05	\$182	\$ 182,000
Installment purchase agreement with Fla. Assn. of Counties for refuse disposal's disposal cell construction	Variable (2)	Quarterly	12/08/09	\$104 – 416	1,768,000
Deltona North Water Reclamation Facility with the State of Florida's revolving loan program	2.99%	Semi-annual	06/15/17	\$81 – 115	1,181,330
Southwest Regional Water Reclamation Facility with the State of Florida's revolving loan program	3.05%	Semi-annual	05/15/20	\$123 – 194	2,380,102
Southeast Wastewater Facility with the State of Florida's revolving loan program	3.24%	Semi-annual	08/15/20	\$356 – 543	6,571,501
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES DEBT	Г				\$ 12,082,933

⁽¹⁾ The interest rate is set at 35 basis points above the underlying loan rate(s) incurred by the Florida Local Government Finance Commission and is adjusted quarterly.

⁽²⁾ The interest rate is set at 35 basis points above the underlying loan rate(s) incurred by the Florida Association of Counties and is adjusted quarterly.

D. DEBT SERVICE TO MATURITY

The annual requirements to amortize all government-wide debt outstanding as of September 30, 2005, including interest payments of \$156,259,502 are as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

FISCAL YEAR	REVENU	E BONDS	NOTES F	TOTAL PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2006	\$ 8,775,000	\$ 9,267,939	\$ 4,256,234	\$ 468,086	\$ 22,767,259
2007	9,180,000	8,975,008	3,101,819	346,683	21,603,510
2008	9,360,000	8,669,139	4,208,935	231,626	22,469,700
2009	9,875,000	8,347,576	2,195,348	153,311	20,571,235
2010	10,200,000	8,002,151	2,376,089	95,288	20,673,528
2011-2015	57,585,000	33,835,094	1,273,000	87,036	92,780,130
2016-2020	61,400,000	25,879,605	-	-	87,279,605
2021-2025	35,510,000	13,228,904	-	-	48,738,904
2026-2030	16,210,000	7,310,000	-	-	23,520,000
2031-2035	20,810,000	2,705,500		-	23,515,500
TOTAL	238,905,000	126,220,916	17,411,425	1,382,030	383,919,371
LESS: Unamortized					
bond costs	10,948,536				10,948,536
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT	\$ 227,956,464	\$ 126,220,916	\$17,411,425	\$ 1,382,030	\$ 372,970,835

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES DEBT TOTAL						TOTAL	
FISCAL YEAR	REVEN	JE BONDS	NOTES P	AYABLE	TOTAL PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST	GOVERNMENT-WIDE PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest			
2006	\$ 1,930,000	\$ 2,598,635	\$ 1,174,954	\$ 334,017	\$ 6,037,606	\$ 28,804,865	
2007	2,015,000	2,507,145	1,010,628	308,044	5,840,817	27,444,327	
2008	2,115,000	2,409,064	1,028,846	282,338	5,835,248	28,304,948	
2009	2,215,000	2,304,071	1,047,625	256,071	5,822,767	26,394,002	
2010	2,325,000	2,191,206	754,982	230,629	5,501,817	26,175,345	
2011-2015	13,540,000	8,964,283	3,566,791	838,928	26,910,002	119,690,132	
2016-2020	17,605,000	4,731,152	3,499,107	270,783	26,106,042	113,385,647	
2021-2025	6,710,000	430,190	-	-	7,140,190	55,879,094	
2026-2030	-	-	-	-	-	23,520,000	
2031-2035	-					23,515,500	
TOTAL	48,455,000	26,135,746	12,082,933	2,520,810	89,194,489	473,113,860	
LESS:							
Unamortized							
bond costs TOTAL	2,789,656				2,789,656	13,738,192	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES DEBT	\$ 45,665,344	\$ 26,135,746	\$12,082,933	\$ 2,520,810	\$ 86,404,833	\$ 459,375,668	

E. ARBITRAGE

Arbitrage refers to the profit earned from taking tax-exempt bond proceeds and investing the funds in higher yielding federal investments. Under arbitrage regulations, an issuer of tax-exempt bonds is allowed to earn this profit for a certain period of time during the construction of the If the issuer still has related project. proceeds once this time period expires, the profit is subject to rebate to the federal government and the remaining bond proceeds should be invested at rates lower than its bond yield.

The County's Subordinate Lien Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 1998 were issued to finance the cost of acquiring, constructing, and equipping certain capital improvements including a new court facility and to advance refund the Sales Tax Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 1996. As of the end of the year, the County had remaining bond

proceeds relating to the renovations of its historic courthouse and other various projects. The federal arbitrage regulations apply to this issue's remaining proceeds. Since current economic conditions do not provide an opportunity to earn such a profit, there is no anticipated liability.

F. NEW ISSUE

On November 2, 2004, the County issued \$64,215,000 of gas tax revenue bonds to finance costs of acquisition, the construction, and reconstruction of roads, bridges, other transportation and The interest rate on the improvements. bonds range from 2.75 - 5.00 percent and the maturity date is October 1, 2024.

G. DEFEASED DEBT

Over the years, the County has defeased certain general obligation and revenue bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the County's financial statements. At September 30, 2005, \$7,120,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased and were comprised of the following:

Sales Tax Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 1996

\$ 7,120,000

TOTAL

\$ 7,120,000

H. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2005, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	 Additions	 Reductions	 Ending Balance	Oue Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds payable:					
Revenue bonds	\$ 183,465,000	\$ 64,215,000	\$ (8,775,000)	\$ 238,905,000	\$ 8,775,000
Deferred amounts:					
Plus: for issuance premiums	390,744	2,335,227	(226,252)	2,499,719	-
Less: for issuance discounts	(9,277,745)	=	280,294	(8,997,451)	=
for issuance costs	(2,467,897)	(1,001,311)	250,606	(3,218,602)	=
on refunding	(1,560,542)	-	 328,340	(1,232,202)	-
Total bonds payable	170,549,560	65,548,916	(8,142,012)	227,956,464	8,775,000
Notes payable	14,905,162	7,165,000	(4,658,737)	17,411,425	4,256,234
Capital lease	-	656,519	(656,519)	=	=
Compensated absences payable	23,166,107	9,687,715	(8,666,753)	24,187,069	6,327,337
Estimated claims payable	17,450,178	23,861,911	 (24,683,817)	16,628,272	 6,205,184
Governmental activity					
long-term liabilities	\$ 226,071,007	\$ 106,920,061	\$ (46,807,838)	\$ 286,183,230	\$ 25,563,755
Business-type Activities:					
Bonds payable:					
Revenue bonds	\$ 50,305,000	\$ -	\$ (1,850,000)	\$ 48,455,000	\$ 1,930,000
Less deferred amounts:					
for issuance discounts	(6,676)	-	1,271	(5,405)	-
for issuance costs	(521,389)	-	54,769	(466,620)	-
on refunding	(2,588,807)	 -	 271,176	 (2,317,631)	-
Total bonds payable	47,188,128	-	(1,522,784)	45,665,344	1,930,000
Notes payable	17,872,877	-	(5,789,944)	12,082,933	1,174,954
Compensated absences payable	2,216,881	840,757	(856,497)	2,201,141	575,819
Landfill closure costs	12,959,876	-	(808,119)	12,151,757	-
Business-type activity		 		 	
long-term liabilities	\$ 80,237,762	\$ 840,757	\$ (8,977,344)	\$ 72,101,175	\$ 3,680,773

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. At year-end, \$16,628,272 in estimated claims payable and \$620,835 in compensated absences payable are included

in the above amounts. Also, for the governmental activities, claims payable and compensated absences payable are generally liquidated by the general and municipal service district funds.

NOTE 9. CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

Five entities have been established for the sole purpose of providing financial assistance to private-sector entities to acquire or construct equipment and facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The five entities and their purposes are:

- Community Development Properties, Volusia, Inc. – provide financing for constructing a 1,500 space parking garage to satisfy requirements of Volusia County Code to end parking and driving on a section of Daytona Beach between Seabreeze Boulevard and International Speedway Boulevard.
- Volusia County Health Facilities
 Authority provide financing for
 health care facilities and services
 available to the citizens of Volusia
 County.
- Housing Finance Authority of Volusia County – provide financing to alleviate the shortage of affordable rental housing and residential housing

facilities for low and moderate-income families and individuals, and to provide capital for investment in such housing facilities.

- Volusia County Industrial
 Development Authority provide
 financing for the purpose of fostering
 economic development with Volusia
 County.
- Volusia County Educational Facilities Authority provide financing for higher education projects required or useful for the instruction of students or the operation of an institution of higher education in Volusia County.

Bonds issued on behalf of the entities are not deemed to constitute a debt of the County of Volusia, the State of Florida, or any political subdivision thereof. Bonds or other debt obligations are payable solely from the revenues or other resources pledged under the terms of the debt agreements.

A summary of outstanding issues at September 30, 2005 is comprised of the following:

ACCRECATE

ENTITY	SERIES OUTSTANDING	ORIGINAL ISSUED	PRINCIPAL OUTSTANDING
Community Development Properties, Volusia, Inc.	1	\$ 12,490,000	\$ 11,715,000
Volusia County Health Facilities Authority	4	151,360,000	124,470,000
Housing Finance Authority of Volusia County	17	94,496,000	(1)
Volusia County Industrial Development Authority	(1)	(1)	(1)
Volusia County Educational Facilities Authority	9	284,630,000	251,015,000

NUMBER OF

⁽¹⁾ Information not available from individual entities.

NOTE 10. EMPLOYEE RECEIVABLES

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 1977, and again in fiscal year 1986, the County changed its biweekly pay period ending dates. As a result of these changes, certain employees received double pay for days worked. The amount owed is deducted from the employee's final pay. September 30, 2005, this receivable amounted to \$155,117. Additionally, the County administers a computer purchase plan as a benefit to its employee. September 30, 2005, the amount owed to the County under this plan was \$118,177. Both amounts are recorded as **Employee** Receivables and, since they do not represent an "available spendable resource," the General Fund's fund balance is reserved accordingly in the amount of \$273,294.

NOTE 11. PENSION PLANS

A. FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Plan Description: The County's employees participate in the Florida Retirement System (FRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system, administered by the State of Florida Department of Administration. provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Florida Statutes Chapter 121, as may be amended from time to time by the state legislature provides the methodology for determining contribution rates for the various membership classes of the FRS. The FRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial ten-year historical statements. trend required information, and other supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the:

State of Florida Department of Administration Division of Retirement Cedars Executive Center, Building C 2639 North Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-1560

Funding Policy: The FRS has seven classes of membership with descriptions and contribution rates in effect at September 30, 2005 as follows (contribution rates are in agreement with the actuarially determined rates):

Regular Class – Members who do not qualify for other classes.	7.83%

Senior Management Service Class – 10.45% Members of senior management who do not elect the optional annuity retirement program.

<u>Special Risk Class</u> – Members 18.53% employed as law enforcement officers, firefighters, or correctional officers and who meet the criteria set to qualify for this class.

Special Risk Administrative Support
Class – Special risk members who are transferred or reassigned to nonspecial risk and meet the criteria.

9.92%

<u>Elected County Officer's Class</u> – 15.23% Certain elected county officials.

Deferred Retirement Option Program
(DROP) – Members who meet the
criteria are allowed to defer the receipt
of benefits, allowing them to
accumulate and earn interest within the
FRS Trust Fund, while members
continue their employment.

The contribution rate of current year covered payroll is 11.5 percent. For the years ending September 30, 2005, 2004, and 2003, total contributions were \$13,692,538, \$12,731,190, and \$9,720,067, respectively. The County made 100 percent of its required contributions for each year.

B. VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS PENSION PLAN

Plan Description and Summary of Benefits: The Volunteer Firefighters Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the County of Volusia.

Volunteer firefighters who meet minimum County-established standards are eligible to participate in the plan. Minimum standards are based on a system that awards points used to certify years of credited service for completing training courses, attending drills, responding to emergency and emergency calls, and participating in other fire emergency related activities. minimum number of years of active service after the October 1, 1989 implementation date for this program shall be ten years to qualify for retirement. Credit for past service will be given on a year for year basis up to a maximum of ten years. minimum age for receiving retirement benefits shall be 55 and after the tenth anniversary of plan participation, but not later than the fifth anniversary of plan participation for volunteers 65 or over on October 1, 1989. Vesting occurs after ten years of continuous credited service (five years if volunteer is age 65 or over on October 1, 1989). Pension benefits will not be calculated on credited service exceeding 35 years.

Membership in the plan consisted of the following at October 1, 2005, the date of the latest actuarial valuation update:

Retirees and beneficiaries	
receiving benefits	22
Terminated plan members entitled to,	
but not yet receiving benefits	7
Active plan members:	
Vested	18
Non-vested	245
Total Active Plan Members	263
Number of participating employers	1

Basis of Accounting: The Volunteer Firefighter Pension Plan financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. County contributions are required when due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Fair Value of Investments: Pension funds are invested in the County's investment pool, selected mutual funds, and equities. These investments are reported at fair value.

Concentration of Investments: At September 30, 2005, pension funds were invested in one equity, which represents 20.2 percent of total pension assets.

Funding Policy: Authority to establish and amend benefits rests with the County Council. The contribution requirements to the plan are established during the adoption of the County's annual budget. They are predicated on a defined benefit level of \$20 per month for each year of credited service. Volunteers do not contribute to the plan.

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation based upon the Actuarial Valuation: The County's annual pension cost and net pension obligation to the pension plan for the current year were as follows:

Pension Obligation

Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 58,758
Interest accrued on net pension	
obligation	(6,136)
ARC adjustment	8,981
Annual pension cost	61,603
Contributions made	102,000
Decrease in net pension obligation	(40,397)
Net pension obligation 09/30/04	(87,656)
Net pension obligation 09/30/05	\$ (128,053)
·	

The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the October 1, 2005 actuarial valuation using the frozen entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumption included an 7.0 percent investment rate of return. Assets are valued at fair value. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is to be amortized by a series of level payments over a 29-year period. The remaining amortization period at September 30, 2005 is 17 years.

	VEAD	TDENID	INIEOD	MATION
FUND				

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
09/30/02	77,247	132	(21,469)
09/30/03	77,836	131	(45,633)
09/30/04	59,977	170	(87,656)
09/30/05	61,603	166	(128,053)

The Volunteer Firefighters Pension Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

NOTE 12. SPECIAL ASSESSMENT RECEIVABLES

Special assessment receivables at September 30, 2005 consist of the following:

		PRINCIPAL					
SPECIAL ASSESSMENT DISTRICT RECORDED IN	INTEREST RATE %	CURRENT RECEIVABLE		DEFERRED RECEIVABLE		INTEREST RECEIVABLE	
Governmental Activities:							
Major funds:							
Municipal Service District:							
Corbin Park	10.0	\$	447	\$	-	\$	342
South Waterfront Park	10.0		2,343		-		2,600
Mobile Home Village	10.0		45,801		-		48,184
Corbin Park Unit 3 Napier Hull	8.0		39,175		12,742		14,790
Violet Court	8.0		178		349		25
Bethune Beach 6500 Block Atlantic Ave.	8.0		9,907		29,720		1,586
Pine Island	8.0		2,819		11,027		1,116
Bethune Beach 6400 Block Atlantic Ave.	8.0		1,070		5,901		983
Silverstone Court	8.0		5,669		45,683		3,779
Total Municipal Service District			107,409		105,422		73,405
Business-type Activities:							
Major funds:							
Water and Sewer Utilities:							
Waterfront Park	8.0		1,758		20,431		1,610
Stone Island Wastewater	8.0		12,414		111,727		2,484
DeBary Plantation Unit 7 Reclaimed Water	8.0		2,113		19,018		1,128
Total Water and Sewer Utilities			16,285		151,176		5,222
Agency funds:							
General Trust:							
Waterway Park	8.0		21,730		151,370		21,946
Hazelwood River Road	8.0		9,819		75,919		3,744
Total Agency funds			31,549		227,289		25,690
otal special assessment receivables		\$	155,243	\$	483,887	\$	104,317

NOTE 13. AIRPORT LEASING ARRANGEMENTS WITH TENANTS AND PROPERTY HELD FOR LEASE

A. LEASING ARRANGEMENTS

The Airport's leasing operations consist of the leasing of land, buildings, and terminal space to airlines and other tenants. The leases consist of:

- 1. Five-to-ten year lease agreements with major (non-airline) tenants of the terminal.
- **2.** Operating leases, which range from one to thirty years, for the land and buildings leased at the Airport.

B. FUTURE RENTALS

The following is a schedule by years of minimum future rentals to be received on noncancellable operating leases:

MINIMUM FUTURE RENTALS AS OF September 30, 2005

2006	\$ 5,899,294
2007	4,369,299
2008	2,637,667
2009	2,547,739
2010	2,424,566
Later Years	30,181,278
TOTAL MINIMUM FUTURE RENTALS	\$ 48,059,843

Minimum future rentals do not include contingent rentals, which may be received under certain leases of land and buildings on the basis of revenue or fuel flow. Contingent rentals amounted to approximately \$940,000 during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2005.

C. PROPERTY HELD FOR LEASE

Certain administrative offices and common use areas are included in property held for lease. The following is an analysis, as of September 30, 2005, of the Airport's investment in lease property and property held for lease by major classes.

INVESTMENT IN PROPERTY ON OPERATING LEASES AND PROPERTY HELD FOR LEASE AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2005

TOTAL	\$ 16,036,609
Less accumulated depreciation	(4,787,103)
SUBTOTAL	20,823,712
Improvements other than buildings	12,379,868
Buildings	4,431,113
Land	\$ 4,012,731

NOTE 14. NET ASSETS/FUND BALANCE DEFICITS

A. NET ASSETS

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2005, the Insurance Fund's deficit in net assets decreased to \$514,886. This change resulted from actuarially determined adjustments made to the amounts owed for the claims costs and increased charges to participating funds. Because these claims are long-term in nature, it is determined that the fund is solvent and future billings to the participating funds will eventually cover this deficit.

B. FUND BALANCE

For the fiscal year ending September 30, 2005, the State Housing Incentive Program fund deficit in undesignated fund balance was \$552,061. This deficit is a result of encumbrance obligations for rehabilitation projects not completed in fiscal year 2005. The rehabilitation projects cross fiscal years. The fund is solvent and supported by

revenues that will be recognized in subsequent reporting periods as project costs are expended.

NOTE 15. CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COST

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill sites (Plymouth Avenue and Tomoka Road) upon closure and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years thereafter.

The County's consultants prepared estimates of closure and postclosure of the Plymouth Avenue and Tomoka Road landfills as of August 30, 2005 and revised as of September 28, 2005. Final closure of the Plymouth Avenue landfill was substantially completed as of September 30, 1998. The Tomoka Road landfill is operated on a cell basis. The County completed construction of the final cover required for landfill closure of the Tomoka Road South Class I Cell as of September 30, 2003. The County is currently operating the Tomoka Road North Class I Cell, which has expended 88.7 percent of its estimated capacity and has an estimated nine months of life remaining, and the Tomoka Road Class III Cell, which has expended 46.8 percent of its estimated capacity and has an estimated eleven years of life remaining.

The Tomoka Road landfill's closure and postclosure care costs originate on the date the existing cells are filled to capacity. Actual closure and postclosure care costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The total current cost estimate of closure and postclosure costs is \$22.5 million. The County reports a portion of these closure and postclosure costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date.

The \$12.2 million reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at September 30, 2005 represents the cumulative amount reported to date. The remaining \$10.3 million will be recognized as the estimated cell capacities are filled.

The County is required by the State of Florida to make an annual contribution, if necessary, to a trust fund to finance closure costs. The County is in compliance with these requirements, and, as of September 30, 2005, cash and investments of \$5.1 million are held for these purposes. These are reported as restricted assets on the statement of net assets. The County expects that future inflation costs will be paid from interest earnings of the trust fund. However, if interest earnings on the trust fund are inadequate or additional postclosure care requirements are determined; these costs may need to be covered by increased charges to future landfill users.

NOTE 16. COMMITMENT AND CONTINGENCIES

A. SELF-INSURANCE PROGRAMS

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; business interruptions; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The County is also exposed to losses related to health, dental, and other medical benefits it provides to its employees.

During fiscal year 1976, the County established a self-insurance program and began accounting for and financing these risks in the Insurance fund (internal service fund). Under this program, the Insurance fund provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$400,000 for each workers compensation claim, \$250,000 for each public liability claim, and \$25,000 for each property damage claim. The County has secured commercial insurance to cover specific claims for workers compensation,

general liability, and physical damage claims for incidents that exceed the self-insured limits. The limits of this coverage are \$1,000,000, \$5,000,000, and \$379,378,122 respectively. Commercial insurance is also purchased for those risks not covered by the fund. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in the past three fiscal years. Currently, the County has excess coverage for these excesses over policy limits. No significant reduction in the County's insurance coverage has occurred.

All funds of the County participate in the program and make payments to the Insurance fund based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims. The present value of claims liabilities for workers compensation, general liability, and property damage using a discount rate of 3.0 percent and amounting to \$14,963,774, with a carrying amount of \$14,148,272, is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues. This statement requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the fund's claims liability amount in fiscal years 2004 and 2005 were:

	2004	2005	
Beginning fiscal year liability	\$15,069,370	\$15,300,178	
Current year claims			
and changes in estimates	4,068,759	3,379,652	
Claim payments	(3,837,951)	(4,531,558)	
Balance at fiscal year end	\$15,300,178	\$14,148,272	

In fiscal year 1986, the County established the self-insured Employee Group Insurance fund (internal service fund) to account for medical insurance claims of County employees and their covered dependents.

Under this program, the fund provides the employee with a lifetime maximum benefit of \$1,000,000. Retention limits of \$100,000 for a specific claim and an aggregate stoploss of 125 percent of expected claims have been set. Commercial insurance for claims in excess of the coverage provided by the fund is supplied by Sun Life at a monthly rate of \$50.93 for specific loss and \$1.21 for aggregate loss, per participating employee. The County has contracted with various agencies to perform certain administrative functions, such as monitoring, reviewing and paying claims. Settled claims have not exceeded the excess insurance limits in any of the past three years.

All funds of the County participate in the program and make payments to the Employee Group Insurance fund based upon actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims.

The claims liability in the amount of \$2,480,000 reported in the fund at September 30, 2005 is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10. This statement requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and that the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the fund's claims liability amount in fiscal years 2004 and 2005 were:

	2004	2005	
Beginning fiscal year liability	\$ 1,992,300	\$ 2,150,000	
Current year claims			
and changes in estimates	16,363,729	20,482,259	
Claim payments	(16,206,029)	(20,152,259)	
Balance at fiscal year end	\$ 2,150,000	\$ 2,480,000	

B. COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT PROPERTIES, VOLUSIA, INC.

1. Contingent Liability

In July 1999, the County entered into an agreement with Community Development Properties, Volusia, Inc. to provide for the parking needs of the Daytona Beach downtown community. As part of this agreement, the County agreed to lease to Development Community Properties, Volusia, Inc. (Community Development Properties) a portion of land for the purpose of constructing and operating a multi-level Construction of this parking facility. parking facility was funded via issuance of two bond issues: Senior Lien Parking Facility Revenue Bonds, Series 1999A (\$13,160,000) and Subordinate Lien Parking Facility Revenue Bonds, Series 1999B (\$275,000).This debt was issued by Community Development Properties and does not represent a direct obligation of the County of Volusia. In October 2002, certain provisions of the two bond issues were amended and restated. The modification of terms and provisions prompted by the fact that parking revenues were insufficient to meet the debt service requirements of the bonds and the operating and maintenance costs of the facility. To provide additional security for the bonds, the County agreed to a subordinate lien being placed on its tourist development tax revenues, only to the extent to cover principal and interest payments on the bonds. Tourist development taxes used to cover the debt service requirements are to be repaid by the lessor in accordance with provisions set forth in the amended and restated trust indenture. Any unpaid amounts will accrue interest at a rate equal to six percent per annum, compounded No changes to the lease annually. agreement between the County Community Development **Properties** regarding the amount to be paid were made.

2. Lease Agreements

The lease agreement between the County and Community Development Properties Community Development requires Properties to pay an annual amount of \$210,000 to the County for use of the parking facility land, which has a carrying value of \$2,096,201. This rent accrues from the time the certificate of occupancy was issued for the parking facility in March 2000 and is payable, in arrears, once all debt service requirements of the trust indenture for the bonds have been met. In the event that revenues generated by the facility are insufficient to pay this rent, any unpaid amount carries forward to the next fiscal year, together with compounded interest at a rate of six percent. The initial term of the lease agreement is for a thirty-year period with two additional ten-year extensions. To date, no rental revenues have been collected. At fiscal year end, rental revenues in arrears including interest amounted approximately \$1,342,060. No receivable has been recorded at year-end for the amount in arrears due to the uncertainty of its collection.

In addition, the agreement allows the County to rent retail and parking space within the parking facility from Community Development Properties for an annual amount equal to \$124,500. The County, in turn, entered into a commercial lease agreement with DBWP, LLC to sublease the retail space for the same amount of \$124,500. The initial term of the lease agreement is for a twenty-one year period with four additional seven-year extensions.

C. LITIGATION

Various suits and claims involving disputed ad valorem real and personal property taxes are pending against the County. Portions of these taxes have been voluntarily paid; portions have been paid under protest; and in certain instances, there are unpaid balances. Various suits and claims are currently pending against the County. At this time, it is impossible for the County to accurately quantify the exposure involved given the jury's latitude in assessing compensatory and punitive damages, and the court's latitude in awarding attorney's fees. The County intends to vigorously defend against these lawsuits and believes it has a good chance of prevailing on their merits.

Various suits and claims arising in the ordinary course of operations are pending against the County. While the ultimate effect of such litigation cannot be ascertained at this time, in the opinion of counsel for the County, the liabilities which may arise from such action would not result in losses which would materially affect the financial position of the County or the results of operations.

NOTE 17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

A. VOLUSIA FOREVER PROGRAM

On November 10, 2005, the County issued \$39,875,000 of limited tax general obligation bonds to finance the costs of acquisition and improvement of environmentally sensitive, water resource protection and outdoor recreation lands and related property interests. The interest rate on the bonds range from 3.50 - 4.25 percent and the maturity date is October 1, 2021.

On that same date, the County acquired 1,644 acres of land known as the Pioneer Trail Reserve for \$11,832,937 from the Trust for Public Land. The property had been designated an essential parcel within the County's Conservation Corridor and as such, a priority for acquisition.

On January 26, 2006, the County purchased 6 parcels totaling 1,317 acres from Progress Energy for \$2,628,847. The land is located in the northwest part of the County between Lake George, State Road 40, and the Town

of Pierson. This area is part of the Lake George Conservation area, an 8,000 acre conservation area jointly owned by the County and the St Johns River Water Management District.

B. DAYTONA BEACH INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

On December 15, 2005, the County entered a forty year lease agreement with the Volusia County School Board. Under the terms of the lease agreement the County is leasing to the School Board approximately 39.75 acres of land which lies within the perimeter of the Daytona Beach International Airport in exchange for an upfront rental payment of \$3,161,800. The leased land is going to be used for a school bus transportation maintenance and administrative support facility.

On that same date, the County entered into an agreement with the Norpak Corporation to acquire approximately 138 acres located off of State Road 400 (Beville Road) adjacent to the Daytona Beach International Airport. The approximate acquisition price of this land will be \$12.75 million. The property is anticipated to be used for airport development.